# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Miami, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Miami, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Miami, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

The Town of Miami has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that net pension liability (asset) and other post-employment benefit plan information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, except as noted in the following paragraph, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the Town solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we

performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

We noted that the Town has loaned \$488,183 of highway user revenue funds and other dedicated transportation revenue monies to other funds for various purposes that may not be related to highways and streets. We do not consider such loans in compliance with Arizona Revised Statutes.

The communication related to compliance over the use of highway user revenue fund and other dedicated transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraphs is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Town Council, management, and other responsible parties within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 22, 2019, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

April 22, 2019

Colby & Powell

# **FINANCIAL SECTION**

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	I	Primary Governmen	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 191,843	\$ -	\$ 191,843
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	55,335	55,335
Receivables, net	-	226,144	226,144
Taxes receivable	37,426	-	37,426
Other receivables	-	57,490	57,490
Due from other governments	118,203	879,635	997,838
Interfund balances	(531,232)	531,232	-
Net OPEB asset	16,514	705	17,219
Capital assets, not being depreciated	447,463	7,626,667	8,074,130
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,109,686	8,772,677	10,882,363_
Total assets	2,389,903	18,149,885	20,539,788
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions and other postemployment benefits	864,029	34,605	898,634
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	133,702	890,638	1,024,340
Accrued expenses	722,719	5,270	727,989
Due to other governments	418,414	-	418,414
Refundable deposits	_	6,855	6,855
Noncurrent liabilities			-
Due within one year	32,465	96,507	128,972
Due in more than one year	2,687,656	5,450,592	8,138,248
Total liabilities	3,994,955	6,449,862	10,444,817
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pensions and other postemployment benefits	125,375	12,772	138,147
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	2,557,149	11,055,729	13,612,878
Restricted for:			
Debt service	-	13,812	13,812
Repairs and replacements	-	34,668	34,668
Highways and streets	989,105	-	989,105
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,412,652)	617,647	(3,795,005)
Total net position	\$ (866,398)	\$ 11,721,856	\$ 10,855,458

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Year Ended June 30, 2018 Statement of Activities

			Program Revenue		Net (Expenses)	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	n Net Position
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Primary Government	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	tor Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government: Governmental activities		į.					
General government	\$ 936 501	\$ 41 943	\$ 54 380	¥	(070 150)	6	(040 1/0)
Public safety	1			· ·		9	(940,109)
Public works	469,236	•	354.277	•	(114,959)	•	(114 959)
Welfare	522,570	1	415,688	1	(106,882)	•	(106,882)
Culture and recreation	233,596	15,993	62,969	121,500	(33,134)		(33,134)
Total governmental activities	3,168,130	98,148	887,323	121,500	(2,061,159)	1	(2,061,159)
Business-type activities							
Utilities	829,612	941,484	32,000	1,187,206	•	1,331,078	1,331,078
Total primary government	\$ 3,997,742	\$ 1,039,632	\$ 919,323	\$ 1,308,706	(2,061,159)	1,331,078	(730,081)
	General revenue:						
	laxes:						
	Property taxes, lev	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	es		180,066		180,066
	Local sales taxes				375,588		375,588
	Franchise tax				43,261	•	43,261
	Share of state sales taxes	taxes			170,995	•	170,995
	Share of county auto lieu taxes	o lieu taxes			119,658	•	119,658
	State urban revenue sharing	sharing			147,063	•	147,063
	Interest revenue				•	362	362
	Gain on disposal of capital assets	capital assets			22,621	•	22,621
	Other				146,049	•	146,049
	Transfers				992,935	(992,935)	
	Total general revo	Total general revenue and transfers			2,198,236	(992,573)	1,205,663
	Change in net position	sition			137,077	338,505	475,582
	Net position, beginn	Net position, beginning of year, as restated	þ		(1,003,475)	11,383,351	10,379,876
	Net position, end of year	year			\$ (866,398)	\$ 11,721,856	\$ 10,855,458

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

			Senior				. Total
	General	HURF	Center	Grants	Library	Transit	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 191,843	· ₩	· •	ı ₩	ı <del>6</del> 2	\$ 191,843
Taxes receivable	37,426	1	1	•	1	'	37,426
Due from other governments	33,006	27,178	15,268	26,352	1	16,399	118,203
Due from other funds	1,310,339	488,183		165,846	1	, 1	1,964,368
Total assets	1,380,771	707,204	15,268	192,198	ı	16,399	2,311,840
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	84,571	7,589	7,085	26,352	816	7,289	133,702
Accrued expenses	709,527	1,452	2,798	1	2,455	6,487	722,719
Deferred revenue	8,480	1	•	1	•	•	8,480
Due to other governments	418,414	1	•	•	ı	1	418,414
Due to other funds	•	-	1,100,586	-	604,405	790,609	2,495,600
Total liabilities	1,220,992	9,041	1,110,469	26,352	919,676	804,385	3,778,915
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:							
Highways and streets	•	823,259	1	165,846	,	ı	989,105
Unassigned	159,779	(125,096)	(1,095,201)		(902,676)	(787,986)	(2,456,180)
Total fund balances	159,779	698,163	(1,095,201)	165,846	(904,676)	(787,986)	(1,467,075)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,380,771	\$ 707,204	\$ 15,268	\$ 192,198	1	\$ 16,399	\$ 2,311,840

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position **Governmental Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2018

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (1,467,075)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	2,557,149
Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	8,480
Net pension/OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for Town operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	16,514
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(2,720,120)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	738,654
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (866,398)

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

Senior

Total

					, (		,	,	1					TOTAL
		General Fund		HUKF Fund	υ <u>π</u>	Center Fund		Grants Fund	Librar	Library Fund	Η -	Transit Fund	g G	Governmental Funds
Revenue														
Intergovernmental	€9	559,216	↔	303,185	€3	68,366	<del>6∕3</del>	105,181	<del>69</del>	60,984	€>	321,155	€	1.418.087
Taxes		590,436				. 1		. '		, '		. 1	,	590,436
Other revenue		146,141		,						3.000		ı		149,141
Contributions		40,120		1		,				,		1		40 120
Rents		29,477		٠		1				,		1		29 477
Charges for services		14,978				,		ı		,		13.937		28.915
Fines and forfeitures		300		٠		12,229				,		-		12.529
Licenses and permits		12,466		•		1		•		ı		1		12,466
Total revenue		1,393,134		303,185		80,595		105,181		63,984		335,092		2,281,171
Expenditures														
Current														
General government		794,594		٠		,		105,181				,		899.775
Public safety		674,708		•		ı		. 1		,		,		674.708
Public works		231,232		151,020		ı		1		,				382,252
Welfare						157,027				,		328.436	•	485.463
Culture and recreation		97,400				. '		,	1	122,987				220,387
Capital outlay		233,736								, ,		10,268		244,004
Total expenditures		2,031,670		151,020		157,027		105,181	1	122,987		338,704		2,906,589
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		(638,536)		152,165		(76,432)				(59,003)		(3,612)		(625,418)
Other financing sources														
Sale of assets		150,701								r				150,701
Tansters		1,879,719		(192,697)		(237,227)		اً		اً		456,860)		992,935
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,030,420		(192,697)		(237,227)		j		j		(456,860)		1,143,636
Net change in fund balances		1,391,884		(40,532)	Ŭ	(313,659)		ı		(59,003)		(460,472)		518,218
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	-	(1,232,105)		738,695	- 1	(781,542)		165,846		(548,673)		(327,514)		(1,985,293)
Fund balances, end of year	60	159,779	<del>~</del>	698,163	\$ (1,	(1,095,201)	69	165,846	9) \$	(929,609)	€9	(787,986)	8	(1,467,075)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change	in fund	balances-total	governmental funds

\$ 518,218

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay 244,004
Depreciation expense (180,894)

63,110

In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the book value of the capital assets sold.

(128,080)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes 8,480

Town pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.

Town pension/OPEB contributions 198,625
Pension/OPEB expense (531,882)

(333,257)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.

Decrease in compensated absences payable

\$ 137,077

8,606

Change in net position of governmental activities

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

# **Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds** June 30, 2018

	Busines	s-type Activities
		Utilities
	-	Fund
ASSETS	/=	
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	\$	55,335
Accounts receivable, net		226,144
Other receivables		57,490
Due from other governments		879,635
Due from other funds		531,232
Total current assets		1,749,836
Noncurrent assets		
Net OPEB asset		705
Capital assets, not being depreciated		7,626,667
Capital assets, being depreciated, net		8,772,677
Total noncurrent assets		16,400,049
Total assets		18,149,885
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions and other postemployment benefits	<u>u — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —</u>	34,605
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		890,638
Accrued expenses		5,270
Refundable deposits		6,855
Compensated absences, current portion		3,125
Notes payable, current portion		93,382
Total current liabilities		999,270
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences, net of current portion		1,041
Notes payable, net of current portion		5,250,233
Net pension/OPEB liability		199,318
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,450,592
Total liabilities		6,449,862
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions and other postemployment benefits		12,772
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		11,055,729
Restricted for:		
Debt service		13,812
Repairs and replacements		34,668
Unrestricted (deficit)		617,647
Total net position	\$	11,721,856
<del>-</del>		

# **TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA** Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position **Proprietary Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Busines	s-type Activities
		Utilities
		Fund
Operating revenue		
Charges for services (net of bad debts of \$5,415)	\$	941,484
Operating expenses		
Depreciation		332,912
Personnel		133,349
Professional services		120,999
Utilities		60,850
Repairs and maintenance		35,345
Materials and supplies		34,153
Other		3,113
Total operating expenses		720,721
Operating income (loss)		220,763
Nonoperating revenue (expense)		
Interest revenue		362
Noncapital grants		32,000
Interest expense		(108,891)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(76,529)
Income (loss) before contributions		
and transfers		144,234
Capital contributions		1,187,206
Transfers out		(992,935)
Increase (decrease) in net position		338,505
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated		11,383,351
Total net position, end of year	\$	11,721,856

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

# **Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Busines	s-type Activities
		Utilities
		Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	,	
Receipts from customers	\$	996,861
Payments to suppliers and		
providers of goods and services		(310,108)
Payments to employees	3.	(133,750)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		553,003
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Proceeds from noncapital grants		32,000
Advances to other funds		301,227
Transfers out		(992,935)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital	•	
financing activities		(659,708)
Cash flows from capital financing activities		
Proceeds from capital grants		525,241
Proceeds from issuance of debt		141,156
Principal paid on long-term debt		(29,571)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(167,827)
Purchase of capital assets		(573,954)
Net cash provided (used) by capital		
financing activities		(104,955)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	***************************************	362
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash		
equivalents		(211,298)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		266,633
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	55,335
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	₩	55,335
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	55,335
		,

# **TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA**

# Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Business	s-type Activities
		Utilities
		Fund
Reconciliation of operating income		
(loss) to net cash provided by		
(used by) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	220,763
Adjustments to reconcile operating		
income (loss) to net cash provided		
by (used by) operating activities:		
Depreciation		332,912
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,		
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:		
Accounts receivable		39,876
Contracts receivable		27,694
Net other postemployment benefits asset		(705)
Deferred outflows of resources related		
to pensions and other postemployment		
benefits		19,690
Accounts payable		(60,787)
Accrued expenses		(931)
Refundable deposits		(12,193)
Compensated absences		530
Net pension and other		
postemployment benefits		
liability		(1,663)
Deferred inflows of resources		
related to pensions and other		
postemployment benefits	-	(12,183)
Net cash provided by (used by)		
operating activities	\$	553,003

Non-cash capital financing activities - The Town purchased \$868,143 of capital assets on account.

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

ACCETC	Investment Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,607
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 41,607

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		vestment Trust Fund
Additions Contributions from participants	_\$_	1,705
Change in net position		1,705
Net position, July 1, 2017		39,902
Net position, June 30, 2018	_\$_	41,607

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Town of Miami, Arizona, conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017. GASB Statement No. 75 established standards for measuring and recognizing net assets or liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses/expenditures related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided through defined benefit OPEB plans. In addition, Statement No. 75 requires disclosure of information related to OPEB.

### A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Town (the primary government) and its component unit.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Town. The blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The Town has no discretely presented component units.

The Town of Miami Municipal Property Corporation is an Arizona nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona. The principal objective of the Corporation is to assist the Town of Miami, Arizona, in acquiring, constructing, financing, operating, improving or modifying public facilities for the benefit of the Town. The Corporation's board of directors is appointed by the Miami Town Council.

Separate financial statements of the blended component unit are not prepared.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the Town). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund statements—provide information about the Town's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charge, of the proprietary funds in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund that is legally restricted to expenditures for highways and streets.

The *Grants Fund* accounts for specific revenue received that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Senior Center Fund** accounts for specific revenue received that is legally restricted to expenditures for assisting the elderly.

The *Library Fund* accounts for specific revenue received that is restricted to expenditures associated with the library.

The *Transit Fund* accounts for specific revenue received that is legally restricted to expenditures associated with local transportation.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Utilities Fund* accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Town Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the Town Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Town reports the following fiduciary fund types:

The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for pooled assets held and invested by the Town Treasurer on behalf of retired firefighters.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The Town applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

#### D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the Utilities Fund are estimated by the Town. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2018 totaled \$423,710.

#### F. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation time depending on years of service. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate unlimited hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Construction in progress		5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	15-40
Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	7-15
Infrastructure		5,000	Straight-line	30-40

## H. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end or collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred revenue.

The Town levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's office at June 30, 2018.

#### I. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

# K. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

#### NOTE 2 – RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town discovered that for approximately four years, the State of Arizona distributed transaction privileges taxes to the Town that should have been distributed to the City of Globe. The total amount of distributions to the Town in error was \$268,789. The beginning fund balance in the General Fund and net position of the Governmental Activities has been reduced by \$268,789 to reflect the liability due to the City of Globe.

Net position as of July 1, 2017, has also been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017.

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Net position at June 30, 2017, as restated	\$ (1,002,068)	\$ 11,383,600	\$ 10,381,532
Prior period adjustments-implementation			
of GASB 75:			
Net OPEB liability	(7,003)	(1,236)	(8,239)
Deferred outflows	5,596	987	6,583
Total prior period adjustment	(1,407)	(249)	(1,656)
Net position, as restated, July 1, 2017	\$ (1,003,475)	\$ 11,383,351	\$ 10,379,876

#### *NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS*

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the Town Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

#### Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

#### Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

#### Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

#### Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

# Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The Town's investment policy states that the Town will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes. The Town does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Deposits—At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the Town's total cash in bank was \$269,656, and the bank balances were \$263,744. Of the bank balances, all was covered by federal depository insurance or assets pledged by the Town's banks.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash in the Utility Fund consists of monies restricted for refundable customer deposits in the amount of \$6,855, monies restricted for debt service reserve fund and short-lived assets replacement funds under the requirement agreements with the U.S. Department of Agriculture in the amount of \$48,480.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

	Governmental activities		iness-type ctivities	 vestment ust Fund	Total		
Statement of net position: Cash on hand Amount of deposits Money market funds	\$	325 191,518	\$ 55,335	\$ 22,803 18,804	\$	325 269,656 18,804	
Total	\$	191,843	\$ 55,335	\$ 41,607	\$	288,785	

#### **NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS**

Amounts due from other governments in the governmental funds at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

					Other		
G	eneral	τ	<b>Utilities</b>	Gov	ernmental		
1	Fund	Fund		Funds		Total	
\$	28,558	\$	_	\$	-	\$	28,558
	4,448		_		-		4,448
	-		-		27,178		27,178
					26,352		26,352
	-		-		16,399		16,399
					15,268		15,268
	-		879,635		-		879,635
\$	33,006	\$	879,635	\$	85,197	\$	997,838
	]	4,448 - - -	Fund \$ 28,558 \$ 4,448 -	Fund Fund  \$ 28,558 \$ - 4,448	General Utilities Government	General Fund         Utilities Funds         Governmental Funds           \$ 28,558 \$ - \$ - 4,448 27,178         - 27,178           16,399         - 15,268           - 879,635         - 879,635	General Fund Funds  \$ 28,558 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,448 27,178    16,399    - 879,635 - 879,635

# **NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 01, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 447,463	·		\$ 447,463
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	1,056,545	121,500	_	1,178,045
Equipment	2,204,690	122,504	(312,137)	2,015,057
Infrastructure	3,131,875	-	-	3,131,875
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,393,110	244,004	(312,137)	6,324,977
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(511,487)	(38,022)	_	(549,509)
Equipment	(1,632,383)	(60,373)	184,057	(1,508,699)
Infrastructure	(2,074,584)	(82,499)	_	(2,157,083)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,218,454)	(180,894)	184,057	(4,215,291)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,174,656	63,110	(128,080)	2,109,686
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,622,119	\$ 63,110	\$ (128,080)	\$ 2,557,149
	5			
	Balance			Balance
	July 01, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction-in-progress	\$ 12,040,918	\$ 1,224,427	\$ (5,638,678)	\$ 7,626,667
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Equipment	21,306	-	-	21,306
Infrastructure	6,720,500	5,638,678		12,359,178
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,741,806	5,638,678		12,380,484
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(10,372)	(3,244)	-	(13,616)
Infrastructure	(3,264,523)	(329,668)	-	(3,594,191)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,274,895)	(332,912)		(3,607,807)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,466,911	5,305,766		8,772,677
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 15,507,829	\$ 6,530,193	\$ (5,638,678)	\$ 16,399,344

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 27,980
Public safety	23,239
Public works	82,499
Welfare	35,537
Culture and recreation	 11,639
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 180,894
Business-type activities:	
Utilities	\$ 332,912

## **NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2018.

	_Ju	Balance July 01, 2017		Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2018		Due within one year	
Governmental activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	51,892	\$	-	\$	8,606	\$	43,286	\$	32,465	
Net pension/OPEB liability	2	2,263,998		412,836		-	_	2,676,834	_		
Total governmental activities:	\$	2,315,890	\$	412,836	\$	8,606	\$	2,720,120		32,465	
Business-type activities:											
Compensated absences	\$	3,636	\$	530	\$	-	\$	4,166	\$	3,125	
Notes payable		5,232,030		141,156		29,571		5,343,615		93,382	
Net pension/OPEB liability		199,745			_	427	_	199,318	_		
Total business-type activities:	\$	5,435,411	\$	141,686	\$	29,998	\$	5,547,099	\$	96,507	

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Notes payable at June 30, 2018, consists of the following:

		siness-type Activities
	U1	ilities Fund
Note payable to U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development, interest only installments through April 2015 with interest at 2.00%, monthly principal and interest payments beginning May 2015, matures April 2053.	\$	902,900
Note payable to U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development, interest only installments through April 2018 with interest at 1.75%, monthly principal and interest payments beginning May 2018, matures April 2056.		3,940,743
Note payable to U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development, interest only installments through May 2019 with interest at 2.0%, monthly principal and interest payments beginning June 2019, matures June 2057.		499,972
	\$	5,343,615

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's notes payable at June 30, 2018.

	_	Business-typ	e A	ctivities				
Year Ending	Notes Payable							
June 30		Principal	aya	Interest				
	_		_					
2019	\$	93,382	\$	97,084				
2020		103,262		94,474				
2021		105,154		92,582				
2022		107,080		90,656				
2023		109,042		88,694				
2024-2028		575,925		412,755				
2029-2033		630,675		358,005				
2034-2038		690,653		298,027				
2039-2043		756,356		232,324				
2044-2048		828,338		160,342				
2049-2053		896,232		81,508				
2054-2058		447,516		12,017				
Total	\$	5,343,615	\$	2,018,468				

#### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities		siness-type Activities	Total		
Net OPEB assets	\$	16,514	\$ 705	\$	17,219	
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		2,676,834	199,318		2,876,152	
Deferred outflows of resources						
related to pension and OPEB		864,029	34,605		898,634	
Deferred inflows of resources						
related to pension and OPEB		125,375	12,772		138,147	
Pension and OPEB expense		531,882	21,504		553,386	

The Town reported \$198,625 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

#### A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at <a href="https://www.azasrs.gov">www.azasrs.gov</a>.

#### NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:			
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011		
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55		
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60		
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62		
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*		
		Any years age 65		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months		
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%		

<sup>\*</sup>With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2018, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.50 percent (11.34 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.50 percent (10.90 percent for retirement, 0.44 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.49 percent (9.26 percent for retirement, 0.01 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.13 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$105,667, \$4,265 and \$1,551, respectively.

During fiscal year 2018, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 85 percent from the General Fund and 15 percent from the Utilities Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

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	Net r	ension/OPEB	
	(Asset) Liability		
Pension	\$	1,325,692	
Health insurance premium benefit		(4,698)	
Long-term disability		3,096	

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, to the measurement date of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2018, reflects a change in actuarial assumption related to changes in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Town's proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2016, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)		
	<b>June 30, 2017</b>	from June 30, 2016		
Pension	0.00851%	0.00026%		
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00863%	0.00000%		
Long-term disability	0.00854%	0.00000%		

The net asset and net liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the Town's net asset and net liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	138,962
Health insurance premium benefit	2,748
Long-term disability	1,652

#### NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**—At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension  Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		Health Insurance Premiun Benefit			remium		
			Outflows of Inflows of		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inf	ferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual	\$	<b>57,578</b>	\$	39,752 39,641	\$	-	\$	-
earnings on pension plan investments  Changes in proportion and differences between  Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		9,518		-		-		5,290
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		52,123 105,667		-		- 4,265		4
Total	\$	224,886	\$	79,393	\$	4,265	\$	5,294
		Long-Tern	n Disa	bility				
	Ou	eferred tflows of esources	In	eferred Nows of sources				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	_	\$	463				
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,551						
Total	\$	1,551	\$	463				

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

			Healtl	h Insurance	Lo	ng-Term	
Year ended June 30,	1	Pension		<b>Premium Benefit</b>		Disability	
2019	\$	(18,067)	\$	(1,323)	\$	(116)	
2020		69,514		(1,323)		(116)	
2021		18,874		(1,323)		(116)	
2022		(30,495)		(1,323)		(116)	
2023		-		_		_	
Thereafter		_		-		_	

# NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3 - 6.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 8.70 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic Real Rate
Asset Class	Target Allocation	of Return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Total	100%	

**Discount Rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

#### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	19	% Decrease	Dis	scount Rate		1% Increase
Town's Proportionate share of the		(7%)		(8%)		(9%)
Net pension liability	\$	1,701,549	\$	1,325,692	\$	1,011,632
Net insurance premium benefit						
liability (asset)		7,802		(4,698)		(15,321)
Net long-term disability liability		3,702		3,096		2,582

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

### **B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System**

Plan Descriptions – Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at <a href="https://www.psprs.com">www.psprs.com</a>.

**Benefits Provided** – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017				
Retirement and Disability						
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years				
Benefit percentage						
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%				
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retiremen	at, whichever is greater				
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced whichever					
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual of credited service, whichever is great service (not to exceed 20)	ter, multiplied by years of credited				
Survivor Benefit						
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired m	ember's pension benefit				
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability remonthly compensation if death was re	<del>_</del>				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The adjustments are based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$150 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Police			
	Pension	Health		
Inactive employees or beneficiaries				
currently receiving benefits	4	4		
Inactive employees entitled to but not				
yet receiving benefits	1	-		
Active employees	5	5		
Total	10	9		

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2018, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			Town-Health
	Active Member-		Insurance
	Pension	Town-Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police	7.65% - 11.65%	41.91%	0.69%
PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool	9.94%	9.68%	0.26%

In addition, statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicated below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill.

		Health Insurance
	Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police	26.85%	0.00%

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2018, were:

		Health Insurance		
	 Pension	Premi	um Benefit	
PSPRS Police	\$ 93,952	\$	1,361	
PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool	670		18	

Liability – At June 30, 2018, the Town reported the following liability:

	N	Net Pension (Asset) Liability		OPEB (Asset)
	(Ass			Liability
PSPRS Police	\$	1,547,364	\$	(12,521)

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2017, reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the investment rate of return from 7.5 percent to 7.4 percent, decreasing the wage inflation from 4 percent to 3.5 percent, and updating mortality, withdrawal, disability, and retirement assumptions. The total pension liabilities for PSPRS also reflect changes of benefit terms for legislation that changed benefit eligibility and multipliers for employees who became members on or after January 1, 2012, and before July 1, 2017, and a court decision that decreased the contribution rates for employees who became members before July 20, 2011. The court decision will also affect the PSPRS net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2018, because of refunds of excess member contributions. The change in the Town's PSPRS net pension liabilities as a result of the refunds is not known.

**Actuarial Assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.40%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with
	adjustments to match current experience
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	<b>Target Allocation</b>	Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Absolute return	2%	3.75%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed Income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTAA	10%	3.96%
Private credit	12%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Credit opportunities	16%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	

Discount Rates — At June 30, 2017, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was a decrease of 0.1 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

### **Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)**

			Incre	Pension ase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability		oility Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Polomoco et Ivano 20, 2017	ф.	(a)		(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	2,375,268	\$	1,243,158	\$	1,132,110
Changes for the year Service Cost		50 200				<b>79.000</b>
		52,300				52,300
Interest on the total liability		173,013		-		173,013
Changes of benefit terms		25,146		-		25,146
Differences between expected and actual						
experience in the measurement of the liability		304,235		-		304,235
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		95,298		-		95,298
Contributions-employer		-		78,303		(78,303)
Contributions-employee		-		22,637		(22,637)
Net investment income		-		139,969		(139,969)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				,-		(,-
employee contributions		(189,149)		(189,149)		
Administrative expense		(109,149)		(1,638)		1,638
Other changes		-				
<del>-</del>	0	460.042	0	(4,533)		4,533
Net changes Balances at June 30, 2018	(h	460,843	(i)	45,589	-	415,254
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	2,836,111	\$	1,288,747	\$	1,547,364
	Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)					
		tal Pension Liability	Pla	n Fiduciary et Position		OPEB (Asset)
		(a)		(b)	Liab	ility (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	63,375	\$	60,700	\$	2,675
Changes for the year						
Service Cost		1,589		-		1,589
Interest on the total liability		4,773		-		4,773
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the liability		(10.742)				(10.742)
		(10,743)		-		(10,743)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(2,940)		-		(2,940)
Contributions-employer		-		774		(774)
Net investment income		-		7,165		(7,165)
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,050)		(1,050)		-
Administrative expense			_	(64)		64
Net changes		(8,371)		6,825	9	(15,196)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	55,004	\$	67,525	\$	(12,521)

### NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.4%)	 rent Discount ate (7.4%)	 1% Increase (8.4%)
PSPRS Police Net pension (asset) liability	\$	1,903,082	\$ 1,547,364	\$ 1,253,492
Net OPEB (asset) liability		(6,868)	(12,521)	(17,345)

**Plan Fiduciary Net Position** – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pension Expense			OPEB Expense		
PSPRS Police	\$	412,082	\$	(2,058)		

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** – At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pen	sion		Hea	remium		
O	utflows of	In	flows of	Out	flows of	In	eferred flows of sources
\$	407,708	\$	40,633	\$	-	\$	8,059
	147,840		-		-		2,205
	16,383		_		_		2,100
	94,622				1,379		
\$	666,553	\$	40,633	\$	1,379	\$	12,364
	Ot R	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 407,708 147,840 16,383 94,622	Outflows of Resources Resources \$ 407,708 \$ 147,840 \$ 16,383 \$ 94,622	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Pension   Deferred   Deferred   Outflows of Resources   Resource	Pension         Ber           Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows of Resources           \$ 407,708         \$ 40,633         \$ -           147,840         -         -           16,383         -         -           94,622         -         1,379	Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Inflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows of Resources         Deferred Outflows of Resources           \$ 407,708         \$ 40,633         \$ -         \$ -           \$ 147,840         -         -         -           \$ 294,622         -         1,379

#### NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police								
		Pension	]	Health					
Year ended June 30,	-								
2019	\$	226,794	\$	(3,944)					
2020		207,108		(3,944)					
2021		107,451		(3,944)					
2022		(10,055)		(532)					
2023		-		-					
Thereafter		_		_					

### NOTE 8 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables - Interfund balances at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	93					Payable to	)					
Payable		General		HURF		Grants		Utility				
from		Fund	_	Fund Fund		Fund		Fund		Total		
Senior Center Fund	\$	1,100,586	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,100,586		
Library Fund		-		488,183		-		116,222		604,405		
Transit Fund		209,753		-		165,846		415,010		790,609		
	\$	1,310,339	\$	488,183	\$	165,846	\$	531,232	\$	2,495,600		

The interfund receivables and payables above were necessary in order to fund the ongoing activities of the General, Senior Center, Library and Transit Funds in the current and prior periods.

Interfund transfers – The interfund transfer from the HURF Fund, Senior Center Fund, Transit Fund, and Utilities Fund was to reimburse the General Fund for administrative costs.

### NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is routinely exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2018

ASRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009						
Town's proportion of the net pension liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension	0.008510%	0.008250%	0.008130%	0.006592%	Information not available						
liability Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 1,325,692 \$ 829,842	\$ 1,331,633 \$ 772,783	\$ 1,267,026 \$ 749,210	\$ 975,450 \$ 594,262							
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	159.75%	172.32%	169.11%	164.14%							
total pension liability	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%							
ASRS-Health Insurance		Fiscal Year ment Date)									
	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2009									
Town's proportion of the net OPEB asset Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB	0.008630%	Information not available									
asset Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ (4,698) \$ 829,842										
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	-0.57%										
total pension liability	103.57%										
ASRS-Long-Term Disability	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2009									
Town's proportion of the net OPEB liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB	0.008540%	Information not available									
liability Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 3,096 \$ 829,842										
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	0.37%										
total pension liability	84.44%										

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's

### Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans

June 30, 2018

#### **PSPRS - Pension**

### Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

	_		(1)	Ita	sui cinciit Da	ιε,		
		2018 (2017)	 2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2009
Total pension liability								Information
Service cost	\$	52,300	\$ 54,610	\$	39,926	\$	27,547	not
Interest on the total pension liability		173,013	144,573		145,340		105,691	available
Changes of benefit terms		25,146	(8,865)		-		51,404	
Differences between expected and actual								
experience in the measurement of the pension		304,235	321,107		(125,443)		121,562	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		95,298	90,173		-		262,793	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(189,149)	(81,444)		(72,415)		(67,802)	
Net change in total pension liability		460,843	520,154		(12,592)		501,195	
Total pension liability - beginning		2,375,268	 1,855,114		1,867,706		1,366,511	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,836,111	\$ 2,375,268	\$	1,855,114	\$	1,867,706	
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	78,303	\$ 102,757	\$	73,750	\$	54,893	
Contributions - employee		22,637	28,900		23,970		20,682	
Net investment income		139,969	6,642		34,927		102,886	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(189,149)	(81,444)		(72,415)		(67,802)	
Administrative expense		(1,638)	(1,355)		(1,230)		-	
Other changes		(4,533)	179,853		(725)		144,664	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		45,589	235,353		58,277		255,323	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,243,158	1,007,805		949,528	_	694,205	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,288,747	\$ 1,243,158	\$	1,007,805	\$	949,528	
Town's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,547,364	\$ 1,132,110	\$	847,309	\$	918,178	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.44%	52.34%		54.33%		50.84%	
Covered payroll	\$	230,296	\$ 258,449	\$	252,448	\$	225,092	
Town's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		671.90%	438.04%		335.64%		407.91%	

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

### Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's

### Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans

June 30, 2018

### **PSPRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit**

151 RS Treath Insurance From an Benefit	_		Fiscal Year nent Date)
		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2009
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$	1,589	Information
Interest on the total OPEB liability		4,773	not
Differences between expected and actual		,	available
experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability		(10,743)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(2,940)	
Benefit payments		(1,050)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(8,371)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		63,375	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	55,004	
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	774	
Net investment income		7,165	
Benefit payments		(1,050)	
Administrative expense		(64)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	TP.	6,825	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		60,700	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	67,525	
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(12,521)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		122.76%	
Covered payroll	\$	230,296	
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-5.44%	

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town's Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2018

ASRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2009
Statutorily required contribution Town's contributions in relation to the	\$	105,667	\$	89,457	\$	83,847	\$	81,589	\$	63,586	Information not available
statutorily required contribution	_	(105,667)	_	(89,457)	_	(83,847)	_	(81,589)	_	(63,586)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Town's covered payroll  Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	969,421	\$	829,842	\$	772,783	\$	749,210	\$	594,262	
сочетец раугоп		10.90%		10.78%		10.85%		10.89%		10.70%	
ASRS-Health Insurance Premium	_	Re	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear						
		2018		2017	201	6 through 2009					
Statutorily required contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the	\$	4,265	\$	4,647		ormation available					
statutorily required contribution		(4,265)		(4,647)	1101	available					
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(4,203)	\$	- (4,047)							
Town's covered payroll	\$	969,421	\$	829,842							
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.44%		0.56%							
ASRS-Long-Term Disability	-	Rej	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear						
		2018		2017	201	6 through 2009					
Statutorily required contribution  Town's contributions in relation to the	\$	1,551	\$	1,162		ormation available					
statutorily required contribution		(1,551)		(1,162)							
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$								
Town's covered payroll  Town's contributions as a percentage of	\$	969,421	\$	829,842							
covered payroll		0.16%		0.14%							

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information

## Schedule of Town's Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2018

PSPRS-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2009
Actuarially determined contribution Town's contributions in relation to the	\$	94,622	\$	78,303	\$	102,757	\$	73,750	\$	54,893	Information not available
actuarially determined contribution		(94,622)		(78,303)		(102,757)		(73,750)		(54,893)	
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$	246,209	\$	230,296	\$	258,449	\$	252,448	\$	225,092	
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		38.43%		34.00%		39.76%		29.21%		24.39%	
PSPRS-Health Insurance Premium	-	Rej	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear						
		2018		2017	201	6 through 2009					
Actuarially determined contribution Town's contributions in relation to the	\$	1,379	\$	774		formation t available					
actuarially determined contribution	_	(1,379)	_	(774)							
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$								
Town's covered payroll	\$	246,209	\$	230,296							
Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.69%		0.34%							

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

## Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as

of the 2016 actuarial valuation 20 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from

7.85% to 7.5%. In 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was

decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.5% - 8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0%. In 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary

increases were decreased from 5.0% - 9.0% to 4.5% - 8.5%.

Wage growth In 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%. In

2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

### NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018.

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

Annual Expenditure Limitation Report and Independent Accountants' Report June 30, 2018

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### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona and The Honorable Mayor and Town Council of the Town of Miami

We have examined the accompanying Annual Expenditure Limitation Report of the Town of Miami, Arizona for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the report. The Town's management is responsible for presenting this report in accordance with the uniform expenditure reporting system as described in Note 1. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this report based on our examination.

We conducted our examination in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether this report is presented in accordance with the uniform expenditure reporting system in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the report. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the report, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the annual expenditure limitation report referred to above is presented in accordance with the uniform expenditure reporting system as described in Note 1 in all material respects.

May 31, 2019

Colby & Powell

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Annual Expenditure Limitation Report – Part I Year Ended June 30, 2018

(approved August 30, 2016)	\$ 17,766,134
2. Amount subject to the expenditure limitation	
(total amount from Part II, Line C)	4,652,505
3. Amount under the expenditure limitation	\$ 13,113,629
I hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that the information report is accurate and in accordance with the requirements of the uniform expensivem.	contained in this enditure reporting
Signature of Chief Fiscal Officer:	
Name and Title: Joseph Heatherly Town MA	NAGEN_
Telephone Number: 728-473-4403 Date: 6/13/19	

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Annual Expenditure Limitation Report – Part II Year Ended June 30, 2018

Description 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds	Total
A. Amounts reported on the reconciliation, line D     B. Total exclusions claimed	\$ 2,906,589 -	\$ 1,745,916 -	\$ 4,652,505 -
C. Amounts subject to the expenditure limitation	\$ 2,906,589	\$ 1,745,916	\$ 4,652,505

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Annual Expenditure Limitation Report – Reconciliation Year Ended June 30, 2018

Description	Governmental Funds	Enterprise Funds	Total
A. Total expenditures/expenses/deductions and applicable other financing uses, special items, and extraordinary items reported within the fund financial statements	\$ 2,906,589	\$ 829,612	\$ 3,736,201
B. Subtractions:			
1. Items not requiring use of current financial			
resources: a. Depreciation	-	332,912	332,912
b. Pension and other postemployment		ŕ	
benefits (OPEB) expense		21,504	21,504
Total subtractions		354,416	354,416
C. Additions:			
1. Principal payments on long-term debt	-	29,571	29,571
2. Capital asset acquisitions	-	1,224,427	1,224,427
3. Pension and OPEB contributions paid in the			
current year	-	16,722	16,722
Total additions		1,270,720	1,270,720
D. Amounts reported on Part II, Line A	\$ 2,906,589	\$ 1,745,916	\$ 4,652,505

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Notes to Annual Expenditure Limitation Report Year Ended June 30, 2018

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Annual Expenditure Limitation Report (AELR) is presented as prescribed by the uniform expenditure reporting system (UERS), as required by Arizona Revised Statutes §41-1279.07, and in accordance with the voter-approved alternative expenditure limitation adopted August 30, 2016, as authorized by the Arizona Constitution, Article IX, §20(9).

In accordance with the UERS, a note to the AELR is presented below for any exclusion claimed on part II and each subtraction or addition in the reconciliation that cannot be traced directly to an amount reported in the fund financial statements. All references to financial statement amounts in the following notes refer to the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the governmental funds; statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position for the proprietary funds; statement of cash flows for the proprietary funds; and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the fiduciary funds.

### NOTE 2 – PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS EXPENSE AND CONTRIBUTIONS

The subtraction of \$21,504 for pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) expense consists of changes in the net pension and OPEB liabilities, changes in deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB, and changes in deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB, recognized in the current year in the enterprise funds.

The addition of \$16,722 for pension and OPEB contributions paid in the current year consists of the required pension and OPEB contributions made to the Arizona State Retirement System from the enterprise funds.

### NOTE 3 – PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS ON LONG-TERM DEBT

The addition of \$29,571 for principal payments on long-term debt in the enterprise funds consists of principal payments made on notes payable to the United States Department of Agriculture.

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA

Government Auditing Standards and Uniform Guidance Reports June 30, 2018

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Miami, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Miami, Arizona's, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Miami, Arizona's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Miami, Arizona's, internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Miami, Arizona's, internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Miami, Arizona's, internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs item 2018-01 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs item 2011-02 to be a significant deficiency.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Miami, Arizona's, financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standard*.

### Town of Miami, Arizona's Response to Findings

The Town of Miami, Arizona's, response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

### **Purpose of this Report**

Colby & Powell

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

April 22, 2019 Gilbert, Arizona



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Town Council Town of Miami, Arizona

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Miami, Arizona's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Miami, Arizona's, major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Town of Miami, Arizona's, major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town of Miami, Arizona's, major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Miami, Arizona's, compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Miami, Arizona's, compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the Town of Miami, Arizona complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Town of Miami, Arizona, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town of Miami, Arizona, internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Miami, Arizona, internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

### Report of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Miami, Arizona's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated April 22, 2019, which contained opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of

additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole

April 22, 2019

Colby & Powell

Gilbert, Arizona

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2018

Federal Grantor or/Pass Through Grant or/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens			
Aging Cluster			
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B			
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Cntr	93.044	0010-0253	\$ 2,665
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C			
Nutrition Services	93.045	0010-0253	49,334
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	0010-0253	9,905
Total Aging Cluster			61,904
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	0010-0253	6,635
			68,539
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed Through Arizona Department of Housing			
Community Development Block Grants	14.218	143-17	51,092
Community Development Block Chants	14,210	145-17	51,052
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed through Arizona Department of Transportation			
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	160005594T	199,150
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Rural Development			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for			
Rural Communities	10.760	00-05	1,187,206
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for			
Rural Communities	10.760	92.07	141,156
			1,328,362
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,647,143

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule

## TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2018

### **NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant and loan activity of the Town of Miami, Arizona, for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Miami, Arizona, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Miami, Arizona.

### Note 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

### Note 3 – FEDERAL LOAN PROGRAM

The Town of Miami, Arizona has received loans from the U.S, Department of Agriculture (CFDA Number 10.760) for a sewer system rehabilitation project. The transactions relating to these loans are included in the Town of Miami, Arizona's basic financial statements. The federal portion of the outstanding USDA loan balance at June 30, 2018, was \$5,343,615.

### Town of Miami, Arizona Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION I	SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS
Financial Statements	
1. Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
<ul> <li>2. Internal control over financial reporting:</li> <li>a. Material weaknesses identified?</li> <li>b. Significant deficiencies identified?</li> <li>c. Noncompliance material to the financial statement noted?</li> </ul>	Yes Yes s No
Federal Awards	
<ol> <li>Internal control over major program:</li> <li>a. Material weaknesses identified?</li> <li>b. Significant deficiencies identified?</li> </ol>	No No
2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for majo programs:	r Unmodified
3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	d No
4. Identification of major program:	
Name of Federal Program Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	CFDA Number 10.760
<ol><li>Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:</li></ol>	1 \$ 750,000
6. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under the uniform Guidance?	n No

## Town of Miami, Arizona Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2018

### SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

### **Current Year Findings**

### Finding 2018-01 Cash Account Reconciliation

Condition and Context – The Town's checking accounts are not being reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis.

Criteria – Good internal control procedures would require that all checking accounts be reconciled to the trial balance in a timely manner each month.

Cause – Insufficient monitoring of internal control did not detect that the checking accounts were not reconciled to the general ledger on a timely basis.

Effect — When internal controls over the cash reconciliation process are inadequate or not monitored, intentional or unintentional errors or omissions may not be detected in a timely manner. In time systematic errors and omissions may lead to uncorrected material errors in the general ledger and financial statements. Also, the lack of a timely reconciliation of the cash accounts may allow intentional errors or frauds to go undetected.

Recommendation – Management should implement internal controls requiring that all checking accounts be reconciled to the general ledger within a reasonable time after the end of each month.

Response – Effective in October of 2018 the Town has contracted with Caselle to complete the monthly bank reconciliation for all Town bank accounts and to prepare adjusting journal entries. The Town forwards to Caselle, on a monthly basis, all bank statements for the previous month activity and the reconciliation is complete prior to the end of that month. Thus all reconciliations are completed within 30 days of the past months activities.

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2018

### **Prior Year Findings**

### Finding 2011-02 Preparation of the General Ledger and Trial Balance

Condition - The year-end general ledger and trial balance was not prepared or reconciled on a timely basis.

Criteria – The general ledger is the backbone of the financial reporting system and is vital to the proper safeguarding of assets.

Cause – Although the general ledger prepared for audit was more complete than in prior years, staff should continue to devote its efforts to the preparation and maintenance of the general ledger.

Effect – Management should assess the adequacy of the design of its policies and procedures related to preparation of the general ledger and design appropriate controls and procedures as necessary. When developing control policies and procedures for a process, management should consider where errors or fraud could occur that would cause a material misstatement in the financial statements and which policies or procedures, if operating properly, would prevent or detect the error or fraud on a timely basis. Special care should be taken to include all financial transactions in the general ledger.

Recommendation – Employees should be instructed and properly trained to perform appropriate activities, such as an accuracy and completeness check, approval, and review, as part of their daily activities, and appropriate, timely investigations and corrective actions should be taken if errors are identified by the check and review process. The policies and procedures management develops, documents, and communicates should include routine transaction processing and recording matters as well as non-routine matters such as journal entries and revenue recognition. The policies and procedures should also include the identification of those positions responsible for the policy and for performing the steps or procedures.

### This is a repeat finding.

Response – Effective May of 2019 the Town has improved the monthly review and reconciliation process to include the following areas, cash receiving, account receivables, utility receivables, utility account shutoffs, fixed assets for additions and depositions, and credit card activities. We are reviewing activities and recording appropriate journal entries to book necessary adjustments for overpayments, credits, ACH or electronic transfers, bad debt or inactive accounts. The Town will continue evaluating procedures for procurement, building permits and business licenses with new procedures to be completed before the start of new fiscal year.

### TOWN OF MIAMI, ARIZONA Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2018

### SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

### Section IV – SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

### Status of Financial Statement Findings

The Town should improve year-end general ledger and trial balance preparation

Finding 2011-02

Status: Partially corrected

The Town has performed the following:

- New procedures to balance and reconcile account activities have been established and are ongoing.
- Forms have been developed to enhance the monthly close cycle.
- New procedures for processing recurring transactions have been established.
- The importance of a monthly close process is being emphasized.

The reason for the finding's recurrence is the extended time frame between the year-end and the time the general and trial balance were prepared for audit.

Status of Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None